

Durham Region Health Department Facts about...



Influenza (Flu)

What is it?

- Influenza (Flu) is a respiratory illness caused by a virus that affects your nose, throat, and lungs.
- Most people who get the flu recover within 7-10 days.
- Some people can become very ill and need medical attention.
- It can lead to complications which may result in hospitalization or death.
- People at greatest risk of flu-related complications are adults and children with chronic illnesses, people who live in long-term care homes and other chronic care facilities, people 65 years of age and older, babies under 6 months, children under 5 years of age, indigenous peoples, and pregnant people.

What are common symptoms of the flu?

- Fever
- Chills
- Headache
- Stuffy nose and/or sneezing
- Sore throat
- Watery eyes
- Chest discomfort and/or coughing
- Muscles aches and pain
- Extreme weakness and tiredness
- Some people may have nausea/vomiting and diarrhea, though this is more common in children than adults

How is it spread?

The flu spreads mostly through coughing and sneezing. It can also be spread by touching a surface that has the flu virus and then touching your mouth, eyes, or nose.
A person can spread the flu virus from one day before symptoms start and up to 5 days after becoming sick. Children and people with weakened immune systems may spread the virus for a longer time.

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How to protect yourself and others from the flu?

- Get your flu vaccine as soon as possible each year. It's the best way to prevent getting and spreading the flu.
- Clean your hands often using soap and water or use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth.
- When you cough or sneeze, cover your mouth and nose with a tissue (and throw out) or your upper sleeve.
- Keep common surfaces and items clean and disinfected.
- Stay home if you are sick.

What to do if you or your loved one has the flu?

- Stay home and get plenty of rest.
- Stay hydrated. Drink lots of fluids and avoid drinks with caffeine or alcohol.
- Take basic pain or fever relievers but do not give acetylsalicylic acid (ASA or Aspirin®) to children or teenagers under the age of 18.
- Treat muscle pain using a hot water bottle or heating pad. Apply heat for short periods of time.
- Use spray or saline nose drops to treat a stuffy nose.
- Avoid alcohol, caffeine, tobacco, and second-hand smoke.
- Seek medical care if symptoms do not go away in a few days, get worse, or if you are in a high-risk group.

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