



FEMALE LONE-PARENT FAMILIES (2011)

DURHAM REGION

by Health Neighbourhood

Percentage of female lone-parent families

Number of Neighbourhoods

6.1% to 11.6%

(15)

11.8% to 13.0%

(12)

13.4% to 15.2%

(10)

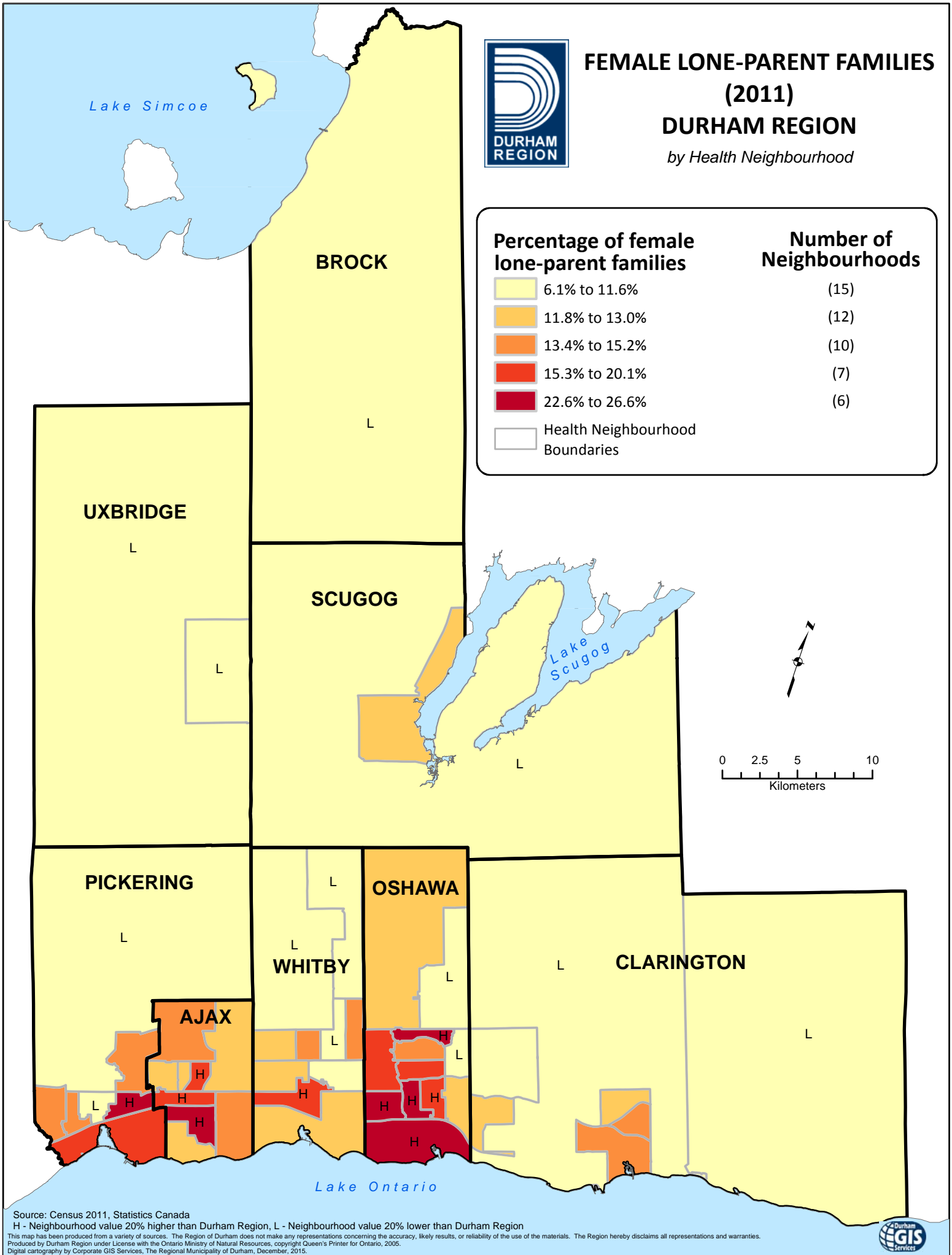
15.3% to 20.1%

(7)

22.6% to 26.6%

(6)

Health Neighbourhood Boundaries



Source: Census 2011, Statistics Canada

H - Neighbourhood value 20% higher than Durham Region, L - Neighbourhood value 20% lower than Durham Region

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Female Lone-Parent Families (2011)

Table 1: Health Neighbourhoods Indicator Summary

	Percentage	Number of Lone-Parent Families	Compared to Durham Rate		
			Lower	Similar	Higher
Pickering	14.9%	3,785			
Frenchman's Bay (P1)	15.9%	790			
West Rouge (P2)	13.4%	525			
Amberlee (P3)	14.9%	425			
Dunbarton (P4)	10.8%	435	↵		
Pickering City Centre (P5)	24.5%	950			↗
Brock Ridge Pickering (P6)	14.2%	370			
Pickering North (P7)	9.2%	290	↵		
Ajax	15.0%	4,645			
Ajax Waterfront (A1)	12.0%	415			
Downtown Ajax (A2)	22.6%	740			↗
Carruthers (A3)	13.7%	485			
Central Ajax (A4)	17.7%	585			↗
Riverside-Hermitage (A5)	11.9%	430			
Westney Heights (A6)	12.9%	305			
Applecroft (A7)	20.1%	645			↗
Ajax Northwest (A8)	13.5%	550			
Ajax Northeast (A9)	11.9%	495			
Whitby	12.4%	4,285			
Whitby South (W1)	13.0%	490			
Downtown Whitby (W2)	18.5%	810			↗
Cochrane South (W3)	12.8%	350			
Manning (W4)	11.6%	525			
Williamsburg (W5)	11.8%	280			
Whitby Brock North (W6)	15.2%	490			
Dryden-Anderson (W7)	9.5%	295	↵		
Dryden East (W8)	14.8%	505			
Brooklin East (W9)	8.0%	270	↵		
Brooklin West (W10)	7.6%	270	↵		
Oshawa	17.6%	7,565			↗
Lakeview (O1)	25.7%	1,300			↗
Gibb West (O2)	23.0%	755			↗
Downtown Oshawa (O3)	25.9%	645			↗
Central Park (O4)	19.1%	630			↗
Grandview South (O5)	12.9%	455			
Stevenson North (O6)	15.3%	765			
Hillsdale (O7)	16.3%	525			
Beatrice South (O8)	15.2%	595			
Grandview North (O9)	10.4%	360	↵		
Beatrice North (O10)	26.6%	765			↗
Oshawa Northwest (O11)	12.0%	370			
Oshawa Northeast (O12)	10.8%	400	↵		
Clarington	11.2%	2,775	↵		
Courtice South (C1)	12.0%	525			
Courtice North (C2)	11.2%	340			
Bowmanville South (C3)	14.2%	590			
Bowmanville Central (C4)	13.8%	355			
Bowmanville North (C5)	12.7%	420			
Darlington (C6)	6.1%	175	↵		
Clarke (C7)	8.1%	370	↵		
Scugog	9.0%	595	↵		
Port Perry (S1)	11.9%	335			
Rural Scugog (S2)	7.0%	265	↵		
Uxbridge	9.0%	545	↵		
Urban Uxbridge (U1)	10.9%	385	↵		
Rural Uxbridge (U2)	6.2%	155	↵		
Brock					
Brock (B1)	9.9%	335	↵		
Durham Region	14.0%	24,525	Similar to Ontario		
Range	6.1% - 26.6%	155 - 1,300			
Ontario	13.5%	486,470			

Date of last revision: January 6, 2016

Source: Census 2011, Statistics Canada

Note: "Lower" (down arrow) refers to at least 20% lower than the Durham Region rate, "Higher" (up arrow) refers to at least 20% higher.

Female Lone-Parent Families (2011)

Table 2: List of Health Neighbourhoods ranked from lowest to highest

Order	Health Neighbourhood	Percentage	Number of Lone-Parent Families	Compared with Durham Region	Quintile
1	Darlington (C6)	6.1%	175	LOWER	1
2	Rural Uxbridge (U2)	6.2%	155	LOWER	1
3	Rural Scugog (S2)	7.0%	265	LOWER	1
4	Brooklin West (W10)	7.6%	270	LOWER	1
5	Brooklin East (W9)	8.0%	270	LOWER	1
6	Clarke (C7)	8.1%	370	LOWER	1
7	Pickering North (P7)	9.2%	290	LOWER	1
8	Dryden-Anderson (W7)	9.5%	295	LOWER	1
9	Brock (B1)	9.9%	335	LOWER	1
10	Grandview North (O9)	10.4%	360	LOWER	1
11	Dunbarton (P4)	10.8%	435	LOWER	1
12	Oshawa Northeast (O12)	10.8%	400	LOWER	1
13	Urban Uxbridge (U1)	10.9%	385	LOWER	1
14	Courtice North (C2)	11.2%	340	similar	1
15	Manning (W4)	11.6%	525	similar	1
16	Williamsburg (W5)	11.8%	280	similar	2
17	Port Perry (S1)	11.9%	335	similar	2
18	Ajax Northeast (A9)	11.9%	495	similar	2
19	Riverside-Hermitage (A5)	11.9%	430	similar	2
20	Courtice South (C1)	12.0%	525	similar	2
21	Oshawa Northwest (O11)	12.0%	370	similar	2
22	Ajax Waterfront (A1)	12.0%	415	similar	2
23	Bowmanville North (C5)	12.7%	420	similar	2
24	Cochrane South (W3)	12.8%	350	similar	2
25	Grandview South (O5)	12.9%	455	similar	2
26	Westney Heights (A6)	12.9%	305	similar	2
27	Whitby South (W1)	13.0%	490	similar	2
28	West Rouge (P2)	13.4%	525	similar	3
29	Ajax Northwest (A8)	13.5%	550	similar	3
30	Carruthers (A3)	13.7%	485	similar	3
31	Bowmanville Central (C4)	13.8%	355	similar	3
32	Brock Ridge Pickering (P6)	14.2%	370	similar	3
33	Bowmanville South (C3)	14.2%	590	similar	3
34	Dryden East (W8)	14.8%	505	similar	3
35	Amberlee (P3)	14.9%	425	similar	3
36	Beatrice South (O8)	15.2%	595	similar	3
37	Whitby Brock North (W6)	15.2%	490	similar	3
38	Stevenson North (O6)	15.3%	765	similar	4
39	Frenchman's Bay (P1)	15.9%	790	similar	4
40	Hillsdale (O7)	16.3%	525	similar	4
41	Central Ajax (A4)	17.7%	585	HIGHER	4
42	Downtown Whitby (W2)	18.5%	810	HIGHER	4
43	Central Park (O4)	19.1%	630	HIGHER	4
44	Applecroft (A7)	20.1%	645	HIGHER	4
45	Downtown Ajax (A2)	22.6%	740	HIGHER	5
46	Gibb West (O2)	23.0%	755	HIGHER	5
47	Pickering City Centre (P5)	24.5%	950	HIGHER	5
48	Lakeview (O1)	25.7%	1,300	HIGHER	5
49	Downtown Oshawa (O3)	25.9%	645	HIGHER	5
50	Beatrice North (O10)	26.6%	765	HIGHER	5

Female Lone-Parent Families (2011)

Table 3: Percentage of female lone-parent families by Durham Regional Municipality

Municipality	Percentage	Number of Lone-Parent Families	Compared to Durham Region
Pickering	14.9%	3,785	similar
Ajax	15.0%	4,645	similar
Whitby	12.4%	4,285	similar
Oshawa	17.6%	7,565	HIGHER
Clarington	11.2%	2,775	LOWER
Scugog	9.1%	595	LOWER
Uxbridge	8.9%	545	LOWER
Brock	9.9%	335	LOWER
Durham Region	14.0%	24,525	Similar to Ontario
Ontario	13.5%	486,470	

What you need to know

- This indicator is classified as neutral in terms of the direction related to health.
- The percentage ranges by Health Neighbourhood from 6.1% to 26.6%.
- Higher percentages of female lone parent families are in the seven Priority Neighbourhoods, along with the Neighbourhoods of Pickering City Centre, Applecroft, and Central Ajax. Women may choose to live in these areas because of better access to affordable housing, services, and transportation. Rural Durham Region has lower percentages of families that are female lone-parent families.

Indicator Notes

- This indicator is calculated by dividing the number of female lone-parent families by the total number of census families in private households, multiplied by 100.
- Source: Census 2011, Statistics Canada.
- A female lone-parent family refers to a female of any marital status with at least one child living in the same dwelling. Children may be children by birth, marriage or adoption regardless of their age or marital status as long as they live in the dwelling and do not have their own spouse or child living in the dwelling. See: [Census 2011 Dictionary](#).
- Neighbourhoods were sorted into quintiles (5 groupings) based on the number of lone parent families, i.e., quintiled by count. This means that approximately 20% of lone parent families are in each quintile.
- Lower refers to at least 20% lower than Durham Region. Higher refers to at least 20% higher.
- Priority Neighbourhoods were identified in December 2015 as communities that require focus to build on health and well-being. The Priority Neighbourhoods are: 1) Downtown Ajax – Ajax, 2) Downtown Whitby – Whitby, 3) Lakeview – Oshawa, 4) Gibb West – Oshawa, 5) Downtown Oshawa – Oshawa, 6) Central Park – Oshawa, 7) Beatrice North – Oshawa.

Release Date: February 2016.

For more information, refer to The Guide to Health Neighbourhoods.

If you require this information in an accessible format, contact 1-800-841-2729.